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Exam : **070-488**

Title : Developing Microsoft
SharePoint Server 2013 Core
Solutions

Vendor : Microsoft

Version : DEMO

NO.1 The Contoso SharePoint on-premise intranet portal stores content in 50 site collections. Contoso must display all content tagged with a metadata term on the main page of the portal. You need to display all documents with the metadata term without using any custom code.

Which technology should you use?

- A. Content Query Web Part (CQWP)
- B. Content Search Web Part (CSWP)
- C. TaxonomySession
- D. CamlQuery

Answer: B

Explanation:

CSWP can be configured to "see" items anywhere in SharePoint.

Incorrect:

Not A: CQWP and related SPSiteDataQuery can only search within the current site collection.

Not C: For TaxonomySession you would have to write code.

Not D: The CamlQuery class just specifies a query on a list.

Reference: Using the Content Search web part (and understanding SP2013 search)

NO.2 HOTSPOT

The expense reporting app includes the following code. Line numbers are included for reference only.

```

01 string contextTokenString = TokenHelper.GetContextTokenFromRequest(Request);
02 if (contextTokenString != null)
03 {
04     SharePointContextToken contextToken = TokenHelper.ReadAndValidateContextToken(contextTokenString,
Request.Url.Authority);
05     Uri sharepointUrl = new Uri(Request.QueryString["SPHostUrl"]);
06     string accessToken01 = TokenHelper.GetAccessToken(contextToken, sharepointUrl.Authority).AccessToken;
07     ClientContext clientContext = TokenHelper.GetClientContextWithAccessToken(sharepointUrl.ToString(),
accessToken01);
08     string accessToken02 = TokenHelper.GetAppOnlyAccessToken(contextToken.TargetPrincipalName,
sharepointUrl.Authority, contextToken.Realm).AccessToken;
09 }
    
```

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

Answer Area

	Yes	No
The variable accessToken01 is used to retrieve the token for the User+app authorization policy type.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The variable accessToken02 is used to retrieve the token for the User+app authorization policy type.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The TokenHelper class can be used to implement User-only authorization.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Answer:

Answer Area

	Yes	No
The variable accessToken01 is used to retrieve the token for the User+app authorization policy type.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
The variable accessToken02 is used to retrieve the token for the User+app authorization policy type.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
The TokenHelper class can be used to implement User-only authorization.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

NO.3 HOTSPOT

A web application that listens on port 80 has been created for Internet users to access your company's SharePoint site.

The web application uses claims-based authentication.

Users report that they are prompted for credentials when they access the site in their browser.

You need to enable anonymous access.

On the Manage web applications page in Central Administration, which option should you select? (To answer, select the appropriate menu item in the answer area.)

Answer Area



Answer:

Answer Area



NO.4 A company uses SharePoint for internal collaboration. SharePoint is deployed on a server farm with a single front-end server, a single application server, and a dedicated database server.

You review existing Web Parts that read from and write to SharePoint lists. You find the following code in one of the utility classes and notice memory leaks in the method.

```

Private void ChangeSiteDescription(string SiteUrl, string newSiteDescription)
{
    SPSite siteCollection = null;
    try
    {
        siteCollection = new SPSite(SiteUrl);
        using (SPWeb site = siteCollection.RootWeb)
        {
            site.Description = newSiteDescription;
            site.Update();
        }
    }
    catch (Exception)
    {
        siteCollection.Close();
    }
}

```

You need to ensure that there are no memory leaks in the method.

What should you do?

- A. Add a finally statement and include site.Dispose ().
- B. Add site.Dispose() to the catch statement.
- C. Add a finally statement and include siteCollection.Dispose ();
- D. Add siteCollection.Dispose() to the catch statement.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Need to manually dispose of the siteCollection instance. This can be done through a finally statement.

Note:

* Try and finally blocks or a using statement would be required to avoid potential leaks when you create a disposable object within a foreach block, as shown in the following code example.

```

SPWebApplication webApp = siteCollectionOuter.WebApplication;
SPSiteCollection siteCollections = webApp.Sites;
SPSite siteCollectionInner = null;
foreach (siteCollectionInner in siteCollections)
{
    try //Should be first statement after foreach.
    {
        Console.WriteLine(siteCollectionInner.Url);
        //Exception occurs here.
    }
    finally
    {
        if(siteCollectionInner != null)
            siteCollectionInner.Dispose();
    }
}

```

}

* Why Dispose? Several of the Windows SharePoint Services objects, primarily the SPSite class and SPWeb class objects, are created as managed objects. However, these objects use unmanaged code and memory to perform the majority of their work. The managed part of the object is much smaller than the unmanaged part. Because the smaller managed part does not put memory pressure on the garbage collector, the garbage collector does not release the object from memory in a timely manner. The object's use of a large amount of unmanaged memory can cause some of the unusual behaviors described earlier. Calling applications that work with IDisposable objects in Windows SharePoint Services must dispose of the objects when the applications finish using them. You should not rely on the garbage collector to release them from memory automatically.

Reference: Best Practices: Using Disposable Windows SharePoint Services Objects

NO.5 Adventure Works uses a SharePoint publishing site for an external website at www.adventureworks.com. The user interface is implemented by using HTML5, CSS 3, and JavaScript. You need to ensure that the site designers have an efficient way to create and modify the JavaScript files.

What should you do?

- A. Open the site in SharePoint Designer. From All Files, double-click the _cts folder and then select the MasterPages folder. Create a folder. Modify the JavaScript files by using Microsoft Notepad.
- B. Copy all the JavaScript files to a document library and modify them directly by using Microsoft Notepad.
- C. Open the site in SharePoint Designer. From Master Pages select the JavaScript files to modify them.
- D. Set up a mapped network drive in Design Manager. Open the mapped drive and create a folder. Modify the JavaScript files by using Microsoft Notepad.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Master Page - Use SharePoint Designer to add code to a master page when you want to code to be available on every page in a site. You can add the JavaScript inside of <SCRIPT> tags or link to a file that contains the JavaScript. Typically add your CSS just before the </HEAD> section and your JavaScript just before the </BODY> tag.

Reference: Adding JavaScript and CSS to SharePoint A company develops a SharePoint app that employees use to submit expense reports. Employees can approve their own expenses for purchases less than \$100. For expenses greater than \$100, the app will authenticate both itself and the user before approval is requested.

NO.6 You plan to create a SharePoint Business Process Automation (BPA) project.

You need to process items in queues on a configurable schedule.

Which tool should you use?

- A. Remote Event Receiver
- B. Work Item Timer Job
- C. Out-of-the-box workflow

D. SharePoint Designer workflow

Answer: B

Explanation:

A Work Item Timer Job can be scheduled to run operations in SharePoint. A Work Item Timer Job is essentially a queue where you add list items that need to be processed. When the Work Item Timer Job runs, it pulls items from the queue and process the item. When complete, the item is removed from the queue (if you want) so it is not processed again.

Reference: ALL ABOUT SHAREPOINT WORK ITEM TIMER JOBS Adventure Works uses a web design firm to design the user interface for an upcoming toy sales website, www.toys.adventureworks.com. The website is built by using a SharePoint publishing template.

NO.7 You receive an error when you deploy the app.

You need to resolve the error.

What should you do?

- A. Create a deployment package and upload the app to the app catalog in SharePoint.
- B. Enable side-loading of apps in the app manifest.
- C. Deploy the app to <https://contoso-my.sharepoint.com>.
- D. Enable side-loading of apps in the Visual Studio project properties.

Answer: A

Explanation:

We should deploy the app to the Development site, that is <https://contoso.sharepoint.com/tasks> (see Existing Site Configuration in scenario).

Note:

*Loading Apps directly from Visual Studio only works if the destination is a Developer site. That form of distribution, called side loading, is only used when testing and debugging an App. To load an App in a regular site you need to add the .App package produced in Visual to the App Catalog site that is associated with your Web Application. From there you will be able to load the app using the Site Contents link in your site.

*Issue: While we try creating a SharePoint 2013 App in a SharePoint hosted model and when we try to deploy the solution, we get an "Error occurred in deployment step 'Install app for SharePoint': Side loading of apps is not enabled on this site.

Solution:

1. That is, while creating a site collection/site where you want to deploy the app, create it using the "Developer Site" template under the Collaboration tab.
 2. Always the app should be published/deployed to the developer site (A site collection with the Developer Site Template). And from this developer site you can add the App to your SharePoint site
- Scenario: Pending Issues When you deploy the app from Visual Studio 2012, you receive the error: "Error occurred in de-ployment step 'Install app for SharePoint': Sideloaded apps is not enabled on this site."

Reference: Side Loading of apps is not enabled on this site error while installing app in SharePoint 2013

NO.8 A user deploys a sandbox solution. The user cannot activate the solution.

You need to ensure that the user can activate the solution.

What should you do? (Each correct answer presents a complete solution. Choose all that apply.)

- A. Grant permission to the user to activate the solution.
- B. Grant permission to the user to execute the solution.
- C. Configure a local mode load-balancing scheme.
- D. Stop the Microsoft User Code Host Service.
- E. Configure a remote mode load-balancing scheme.
- F. Start the Microsoft SharePoint Foundation Sandboxed Code Service.

Answer: A,F

Explanation:

A: Need to activate the feature that provisions the files.

siteCollection.Features.Add([guid_of_your]feature]

F: To enable sandboxed solutions by using Central Administration - Verify that you have the following administrative credentials: - On the home page of the Central Administration Web site, in the System Settings

section, click Manage services on server. - On the Services on Server page, in the Server box, select the server on which you want to enable sandboxed solutions. - In the Microsoft SharePoint Foundation Sandboxed Code Service row, in the Action column, click Start.

NO.9 You create a branding package for Contoso, Ltd.

You export the design package from the development environment.

The solution you build uses custom query rules and result types.

You activate the following features:

- SharePoint Server Publishing Infrastructure
- Search Config Data Content Types
- Search Config Site Columns
- Search Config Template

You import the package into the production environment. You observe that the search configuration did not import properly, and some images are missing.

You need to ensure that search and branding work properly on the production server.

Which two actions should you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Check in and publish all design assets. Export the package.
- B. Import the package. Check in and publish all design assets.
- C. On the development server, activate the Search Config List Instance feature. Export the design package.
- D. On the production server, activate the Search Config List Instance feature. Import the design package.

Answer: B,C

Explanation:

* Search Config List Instance Features

Provisions a list to enable the import and export of Search Configurations.

NO.10 You are developing a site-provisioning engine for a company. You create a site request page that employees use to specify the site template, title, and URL for a site. The site request page stores site requests in a list named Site Requests that is at the root of the site collection. You configure an approval workflow for the list.

Site creation must start at 3:00 AM each day. You must create sites in batches of no more than 10 sites. You must not create sites until they are approved.

You need to create the site-provisioning engine.

Which two actions would you perform? Each correct answer presents part of the solution.

- A. Create an ItemUpdated event receiver for the Site Requests list. Initiate site provisioning if the value of the ModerationInformation property is set to the value SPModerationStatusType.Approved.
- B. Create a new timer job that derives from SPWorkItemJobDefinition. Schedule the timer job to run at 3:00 AM.
- C. Create a new timer job that derives from SPJobDefinition. Schedule the timer job to run at 3:00 AM.
- D. Create an ItemAdded event receiver for the Site Requests list. Initiate site provisioning if the value of the ModerationInformation property is set to the value SPModerationStatusType.Approved.
- E. Create an ItemUpdated event receiver for the Site Requests list. Create a new work item if the value of the ModerationInformation property is set to the value SPModerationStatusType.Approved.

Answer: A,B

Explanation:

A: Site provision only initiated if it is approved.

B: A Work Item Job can be scheduled to run operations in SharePoint. A Work Item Timer Job is essentially a queue where you add list items that need to be processed. When the Work Item Timer Job runs, it pulls items from the queue and process the item.

Incorrect:

Not C: An SP Job would not be able to process items from a queue.

Reference: All About Sharepoint Work Item Timer Jobs

<http://www.ericgregorich.com/blog/2014/1/25/using-work-item-timer-jobs-in-sharepoint>